

# PEACE NEGOTIATIONS WITH RESULTS

Elections to be Held in Russia to Replace Some Members of the Constitutional Assembly

## BOLSHEVIKI AND UKRAINIANS REACH PACT

Reports From Petrograd Say That Northern Russia is to Receive Ample Food Supplies From Ukraine—Winter is Hindering Hostilities on All Important War Fronts—In Italy Artillery and Infantry Fighting Has Given Way to Aerial Warfare—The British Government Has Established Informal Relations With the Bolsheviki Ambassador at London.

Winter has settled down in earnest over all the important war fronts and beyond artillery actions, which are being carried out in very limited sections, there has been little fighting in the west or in the east.

Only patrol encounters are reported along the British lines and artillery action at two points on the French front. In Italy the terrific artillery and infantry fighting has given way to aerial warfare, which, however spectacular, has little direct bearing on the progress of the campaign when confined to combats between individuals or squadrons.

For nearly a month now the front in France and Belgium has been almost motionless. Thus the long-awaited German offensive, with the heavy reinforcements which were transferred from the Russian front to the west, has been delayed for weeks, if not possibly for months.

The peace negotiations between the Bolsheviki and the representatives of the Quadruple Alliance at Brest Litovsk continue, but without definite results. Another day in the assembly of the Constituent Assembly is likely because of the issuance of a decree at Petrograd providing for new elections to replace members of the Constituent Assembly who are deemed not to represent the interests of the workmen and peasants.

According to reports from the Russian capital northern Russia is to receive ample food supplies from Ukraine, through the reconciliation of the Bolsheviki and the Ukrainians. Every effort has been made in the past few weeks by the Bolsheviki authorities to prevent the threatened famine in Petrograd and other cities of Russia where the Bolsheviki hold the power.

It is also semi-officially reported from Petrograd that the Bolsheviki have taken control at Novo Tcherkassk capital of the province of the Don Cossacks and headquarters of General Kaledine, hetman of the Cossacks.

The London Daily Mail reports the establishment by the British government of informal relations with Maxim Litvinoff, recently appointed by the Bolsheviki government as Russian ambassador at London. The explanation of this, according to the Mail, is that possibly Lenin and Trotsky, if they retain the de facto power, might eventually give heed to the counsel of the allied governments, and it is not desirable that communication with Petrograd be cut off.

A meeting of the Crown Council at Berlin is reported by the Lokal Anzeiger, composed of Field Marshal Hindenburg, General Von Ludendorff, the Crown Prince, and other German leaders. Relations with Russia will probably be the most important subject discussed.

Prince Alexander von Hohenlohe, who has long held liberal views and was among the German representatives at the pacific congress in Switzerland, expressed the belief that should the Germans as a people rid themselves of the fixed idea that America entered the war only for selfish and material interests, President Wilson's new message "can become a way toward peace."

## SATISFIELD WITH WORK OF NAVY'S ORDNANCE BUREAU.

Statement by Chairman Oliver of the House Investigation Committee.

Washington, Jan. 13.—Complete satisfaction with the work of the navy's ordnance bureau and its preparedness for work is expressed by Representative Oliver of Alabama, chairman of the house naval investigation subcommittee, in a statement tonight summarizing for his colleagues results of the ordnance phase of the inquiry.

"The testimony convinced the committee," says the statement, "that the prevalent belief and opinion as to the navy's readiness are well founded."

Many interesting facts brought out in secret session are disclosed by the chairman. Among other things, he says more than eleven hundred merchant ships have been equipped with guns and ammunition by the navy since the steamer Campana was fitted out March 14 last, and that appreciable quantities of guns, large sub-marine with ammunition for them, have been furnished to England, France and Italy. Many merchantmen of the allies, in addition to vessels of the navy, have been armed to fight submarines.

## FRICITION BETWEEN FINNISH RED GUARD AND RUSSIANS

Owing to the ill treatment of travelers by the Russians.

Stockholm, Jan. 12.—Despatches received here from Haparanda indicate that a clash is impending between the Finnish Red Guard and Russian soldiers at Tornio, on the Norwegian-Finnish frontier, owing to the ill treatment of travelers by the Russians. It is reported that the Russian soldiers are confiscating money belonging to the travelers crossing the border and dividing it among themselves.

It is stated also that the Finnish population along the border are afraid to leave their homes in fear of roving bands of Finnish soldiers. The Finnish officials have appealed to the government for protection and a detachment of armed Finns may be sent to Tornio.

## FORMER TORRINGTON MAN BURNED TO DEATH.

Brison C. Holcomb, Photographer, Perished in New Rochelle.

Torrington, Conn., Jan. 13.—Word was received tonight of the death by fire at New Rochelle, N. Y., of Brison C. Holcomb of this city. He had operated a photograph studio here for many years and had gone to New Rochelle to open another there and perished in a fire that destroyed his new place of business. Identification was made by examination of receipts found in his clothing.

Details of the fatal accident have not been received here yet. He leaves a wife and family.

## THREE BIG BUILDINGS BURNED AT GRAND RAPIDS.

Snow Hindered the Firemen in Their Efforts to Control the Flames.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Jan. 13.—The Hawkins block, a six story office building in the business section, was completely destroyed and two other big buildings adjoining were being swept by a fire of undetermined origin tonight. Almost impassable drifts of snow impeded the firemen in their efforts to control the flames.

## Cabled Paragraphs

Grematories Closed in Bavaria.

Amsterdam, Jan. 13.—The Bavarian legislature has ordered the closing of crematories on account of the scarcity of coal.

## Crown Council in Berlin.

Amsterdam, Jan. 13.—According to the Lokal Anzeiger of Berlin, a meeting of the crown council was to be held in Berlin today, in which Field Marshal Von Hindenburg, General Ludendorff and the German crown prince were to take part.

## DETAILS OF THE BANK ROBBERY AT CAMP FUNSTON

Story of Tragedy Which Resulted in Suicide of Captain Whisler.

Camp Funston, Kas., Jan. 13.—Details of the manner in which Captain Lewis J. Whisler robbed the bank at the army cantonment here and fled with a hand full of four or five men who were in the building, were told to army officers today by Kearney Wornall, who, himself seriously wounded, was the only survivor of the captain's fury.

For forty-eight hours Wornall, who was cashier of the bank, had hovered over his life and death. But today his progress was so satisfactory to the army physicians that they permitted him to tell the full story of the robbery, which ended with the death of Captain Whisler, self-inflicted at the moment of detection yesterday.

## Money Not Found.

In the meantime a systematic search of the cantonment has failed to reveal money which was stolen from the bank by Captain Whisler. Federal Bank examiners today began checking the bank's accounts, but the intense condition that it is expected no statement will be made for two or three days.

It transpired today that a note Captain Whisler wrote after he had decided to kill himself, was addressed to a young woman at Ottawa, Kansas, but army officers are making every effort to keep secret both her name and possible relation to Whisler.

## Story of Shocking Crime.

It was about 7:30 o'clock Friday evening. The door was unlocked and Captain Whisler entered the bank building, looking around the counter, he drew a heavy automatic pistol and told the men he was "short in his account," and believed that this was the "best bet" to remedy it.

"Wornall says that the officer's remarks were treated as a joke until he took an axe from under his overcoat and struck Mr. Wornall with it flat side. All of the men then were forced to lie face down on the floor. Whisler seized money, mostly bills of large denomination, and threw them into a sack. Wornall says he then was forced to get up and bind his own hands and feet with his own hands then were tied by the officer and all of them were gagged.

## Removal of Excessive Armament.

"Whereas, We believe the American people will not join in discrimination against the German people, and that the danger of excessive armament has been removed by the fact that the German government has in reality become a responsible government controlled by the German people; and

"Resolved, That the Chamber of Commerce of the United States of America earnestly calls the attention of the German government to the fact that these conditions and urges them to study this situation and to co-operate to the end that a disastrous economic condition, which is a menace to lasting peace may be made more certain."

## Must Choose Responsible Government.

"If the proposed action carries," says a statement from the chamber's headquarters, "the industrial leaders of Germany will be in a position to constitute the most powerful party in Germany, will be bluntly told that Germany must choose a responsible government, and that the German people must choose a responsible government, and that the German people must choose a responsible government."

## Stronger Than Official Action.

"No single action by the United States can be calculated to go further than this proposed action of America's business men. It is more potent in its effect, perhaps, than any similar action coming from official sources. The difference lies in the fact that Germany might doubt whether Congress would sanction a treaty with the United States. The message of the business men, however, is a direct notice to Germany that the business men of America have taken a concerted stand to close trade to Germany as long as it remains an outlaw."

## When an Order Came from Headquarters.

When an order came from headquarters, a report from all company commanders yesterday, the captain seemed to know that detection was at hand. It was then he shot himself to death.

Captain Whisler recently took out a government insurance policy for \$10,000. It was made payable to his four-year-old son, Duane, Saina, Kas. Whisler's home, in case of the son's death, to Whisler's father, Captain Whisler, who was 26 years old, and his wife, Mrs. Vadne Whisler, were divorced about a week ago.

## INCREASE IN COST OF LIVING AT STOCKHOLM

It is Now 110 Per Cent Greater Than in July, 1914.

Stockholm, Jan. 13.—Official statistics on the cost of the necessities of life in Stockholm during the last year show an increase of 110 per cent, over November and 110 per cent, as compared with July, 1914. The municipal council is granting a wage bonus of 10 per cent for wages for municipal laborers.

## RECOGNITION OF THE INDEPENDENCE OF FINLAND

Will Have Important Consequences Financially.

Amsterdam, Jan. 13.—Recognition of the independence of Finland by Germany would have important consequences financially for Finland, the Frankfurter Zeitung says. In German banks 52,000,000 marks stands to Finland's credit. This sum, which was seized at the beginning of the war, will now be realized.

## Warning to German Industrial Leaders

PROPOSED BY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE OF THE UNITED STATES.

## COMMERCIAL RELATIONS

No Friendly Relations With the United States Until German Government is Controlled by Responsible Rulers.

Washington, Jan. 13.—American business men are sending a warning to German industrial leaders that they must resume friendly commercial relations with the United States after the war unless the German government is controlled by a responsible instrument of the people.

It is proposed that the Germans be told that the United States, in common with other nations, supplied raw materials to Germany during the war, and that the lesson has been learned. Newspapers and business men of neutral countries will be relied upon to carry the message.

The referendum, suggested by the Boston Chamber of Commerce, and now being carried by a million business men through their commercial organizations, submits this resolution:

## Resolution to Be Submitted.

"Whereas, The size of Germany's present armament and her military attitude have been due to the fact that her government is a military autocracy, not responsible to the German people; and

"Whereas, The size of the German armament after the war will be a measure of the greatness of the armament forced on all nations; and

"Whereas, Careful analysis of economic conditions shows that Germany's future armament will be fundamentally dependent on her after-war receipts of raw materials and profits from her foreign trade; and

"Whereas, In our opinion, the American people for the purpose of preventing a war conference, and the danger of excessive armament will be removed by the fact that the German government has in reality become a responsible government controlled by the German people; and

"Resolved, That the Chamber of Commerce of the United States of America earnestly calls the attention of the German government to the fact that these conditions and urges them to study this situation and to co-operate to the end that a disastrous economic condition, which is a menace to lasting peace may be made more certain."

## Removal of Excessive Armament.

"Whereas, We believe the American people will not join in discrimination against the German people, and that the danger of excessive armament has been removed by the fact that the German government has in reality become a responsible government controlled by the German people; and

"Resolved, That the Chamber of Commerce of the United States of America earnestly calls the attention of the German government to the fact that these conditions and urges them to study this situation and to co-operate to the end that a disastrous economic condition, which is a menace to lasting peace may be made more certain."

## ONE PER CENT OF MEN FOUND TO BE TUBERCULAR

Of the 800,000 Who Have Been Examined for the United States Army.

New York, Jan. 13.—Less than one per cent, of the 800,000 men examined for the United States Army were found to be tubercular, Colonel George M. Bushnell, of the surgeon general's department, declared today in addressing a war conference caused by the National Jewish hospital for Consumptives at Denver.

## OBITUARY.

Senator James H. Brady.

Washington, Jan. 13.—Senator James H. Brady of Idaho died at his home here tonight from heart disease. He suffered an acute attack a week ago yesterday while on his way to Washington from Idaho and has been in a critical stage since.

## EXPLOSION IN MINE PIT AT HALMEREND, ENGLAND

Of 247 Workers 87 Have Been Rescued Alive—23 Bodies Found.

Halmerend, England, Jan. 13.—The latest reports from official sources show that many perished in the explosion which occurred in a mine pit here yesterday morning. Of the 247 workers in the pit at the time of the disaster, eighty-seven have been rescued alive and twenty-three bodies have been found. There is only a slender hope that any of those still entombed could be saved.

## CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH AT HAMDEN WAS AFIRE

Fire Fighters From New Haven Helped to Save the Edifice.

New Haven, Conn., Jan. 13.—Fire did not damage the Congregational church to the amount of \$10,000 today and the aid of fire fighters from this city saved the total destruction of the building. The church is a landmark in Hamden and was discovered afire by the sexton. The Hamden firemen were unable to subdue the flames and an engine company was sent from New Haven. The church stands just across the city line and the New Haven apparatus arrived about enough to save the frame work although the interior was well burned out.

## Trolley Car Ran Wild at Thompsonville

CRASHED INTO ANOTHER ON A SWITCH

## DOZEN PEOPLE HURT

Airbrake Failed to Work on a Steep Hill—The Motorman Jumped Off 200 Feet From the Collision.

Thompsonville, Conn., Jan. 13.—A dozen passengers were cut or bruised here today when a trolley car ran wild down a steep hill and crashed into the rear of another standing on a switch.

None Seriously Injured.

The airbrake on a through car from Hartford on the Hartford and Springfield line failed to work and the trolley sped down grade uncontrolled, the motorman jumping off 200 feet from the collision. None of the passengers were seriously hurt, although some had severe cuts from broken window glass and others were bruised by being thrown against seats.

## NEW YORK HARBOR IS CHOKED WITH ICE

Almost Complete Industrial Activity is Threatened.

New York, Jan. 13.—Almost complete disruption of industrial activity within 24 hours because of the fuel shortage is threatened by the return of zero weather. Once more the harbor is choked with ice and the task of bringing coal from the New Jersey terminals, which already has taxed the resources of railroad officials to the utmost, presented a still more desperate menace.

After being held here today and attended by Fuel Administrators and leading coal dealers of the city it was declared that the situation is so serious that the city's industry will be forced by tomorrow night to close for lack of fuel.

## FRENCH WAR CRUISES FOR FIVE HARVARD MEN

Edwin H. English of New Haven One of the Men Honored.

Paris, Jan. 13.—The American field service has just received word that French war cruises have been awarded to the French army and navy to five members of the section which recently returned from the Balkans. The men are William Emerson, Henry B. Palmer, and Marcus Walker, all Harvard students and residents of New Haven; Edwin H. English of New Haven; and Magnoli of the University of Paris.

The medals were awarded for courageous action in removing wounded men from the region of Metz, between December, 1917 and October, 1917, and especially during the period of heavy bombardment between March and August of last year.

## REPORTS FROM RESTOV TO PETROGRAD STATE THAT THERE HAS BEEN A REVOLUTION

The Don Cossacks formed with General Kaledine as its president.

New York Food Administrator Arthur Williams, on his return from Washington, reported there will probably be two meatless days a week.

## Representative Osborn, of California, Introduced a Bill Proposing to Give the Treasury \$100,000,000 to Buy all Liberty Bonds which are offered below par.

The government requisitioned the carrier pigeons of the United States Postal Service at Springfield, Mass. The pigeons will be used on the French front.

Dr. Arthur L. Breslich, president of the Baldwin Wallace College of Berea, Ohio, was dropped, because he was termed a pro-German by students and citizens.

Arrangements by New York bankers to finance the next sugar crop of Cuba are under way. It is said that \$150,000,000 is involved in the arrangement.

## THE CONGREGATION OF THE BAPTIST CHURCH AT WALLINGFORD HAS EXTENDED A UNANIMOUS CALL TO REV. DR. DAVID W. LOVETT, NOW PASTOR OF THE BAPTIST CHURCH IN ORANGE, MASS.

Worrying over a possible depletion of his income by the income tax, John Griffith, a wealthy retired liquor dealer, ended his life with gas in his home, in East 124th Street.

A referendum to determine whether Massachusetts should take over the street railways was proposed in a bill filed in the Legislature and endorsed by the State Branch of the Federation of Labor.

Mrs. Albert Sweeney was brought to Danbury yesterday from Providence, R. I. for trial on the charge of murdering a boarding house keeper. Her husband is under arrest in Providence and will be brought there on the same charge.

At a meeting of saloonkeepers in Danbury yesterday it was voted to curtail the hours of business three hours to conserve fuel. Today and until further notice, saloons will be open there from 5:30 in the morning until 10 at night.

Announcement of the resignation of the Rev. William Williams, pastor of the Congregational church at Suffield, Conn., was made to his parishioners yesterday. He leaves to assume charge of the Congregational church at Princeton, Mass., on April 1 next.

Millers who desire to convert or set up mills for grinding corn, barley and rye in an effort to promote the conservation of wheat are offered the assistance of the newly established milling division of the food administration. J. H. Hammill of Minneapolis is head of the division.

Word was received at Yale university of the death in a hospital at Hoboken, N. J., of Benjamin S. Adams, a Yale student, who enlisted in the Twelfth United States Field artillery last June.

## Condensed Telegrams

British airmen brought down four German airplanes.

The Japanese Ambassador left Washington for Tokio.

Registration of all alien enemies in the country will begin Feb. 4 and end Feb. 8.

Elizabeth Guistof was arrested at Hartford, Cal., on a charge of being a German spy.

Fire which destroyed the entire Borden block in Winnipeg caused a loss of \$1,000,000.

Eleven alleged gunmen were caught in a round-up in the Back Bay district in Boston.

Guests of Lord Rhonda, the food dictator of Britain, insist that they dine very plain.

A Hoboken saloonkeeper was sent to jail for nine months for selling liquor to soldiers.

The names of one American killed and two wounded were on the Canadian casualties list.

King Alfonso of Spain issued a decree dissolving the Cortes. Elections will be held Feb. 2.

General Nivelle of the French army was appointed commander of the army corps in Algeria.

Representative Sabbath of Illinois, introduced a bill to prohibit gambling in cotton or wool futures.

An unidentified passenger disappeared from the River Lane boat between Fall River and New York.

Mrs. Bianquita de Saules, recently accused of the murder of her divorced husband, has gone to California.

The American Red Cross will have to spend 40,000,000 francs to keep the French refugees during the next five months.

A new Russian army in France, made up of the old Russian Legion that was in France has gone into the trenches.

British airplanes on the Italian front attacked a squadron of seven machines of the enemy and brought down four.

The trustees of the Suffolk school have voted to place the institution on a military basis beginning with the next school year.

The story from Washington that Mrs. Norman de B. Whitehouse has been denied credentials by Secretary Lansing are unfounded.

Henry Hucksberg, a private in the Coast Artillery Corps, was killed accidentally in the barracks at the Flatiron, N. J. arsenal.

The motorship Portland, which left Seattle Sept. 27 for South American ports, was burned at sea with a cargo of 1,500,000 feet of lumber.

Leut.-Commander David Worth Bagley, of the torpedoed American destroyer Jacob Jones praised the heroism of the men very highly.

Permission to close the Syracuse schools, for two months, owing to the lack of fuel, was refused by the State Education department.

Reports from Restov to Petrograd state that there has been a revolution and that the Don Cossacks formed with General Kaledine as its president.

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The congregation of the Baptist church at Wallingford has extended a unanimous call to Rev. Dr. David W. Lovett, now pastor of the Baptist church in Orange, Mass.

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Word was received at Yale university of the death in a hospital at Hoboken, N. J., of Benjamin S. Adams, a Yale student, who enlisted in the Twelfth United States Field artillery last June.

# PEAKING TRAFFIC TIEMP AT CHICAGO

Hundreds of Thousands of Volunteer Workers Aided Municipal and Railway Employees Remove Snow

## MEN, WOMEN, CHILDREN BENT TO THEIR TASK

In Chicago It is Impossible to Make Deliveries of Provisions in Many Sections—The City Has Been Practically Without Milk Since Saturday Night—Schools Are to be Closed This Week Until the Streets are Cleared—Trains Were a Day Late—Eighteen Deaths in the Vicinity of Chicago Are Known to Have Resulted From the Storm.

Chicago, Jan. 13.—Picks and shovels, wielded by hundreds of thousands of volunteer workers, and tens of thousands of municipal and railway employees, today succeeded in breaking the absolute traffic tieup in Chicago and the middle west which had been caused by the deep snow, while sunshine from a cloudless sky enabled them to make such progress that tonight railroads entering Chicago opening tracks to the city today and there is a possibility that a majority of the trains everywhere came reports that the volunteer workers had so opened streets and roads that their lines of duty traffic were able to penetrate the storm-swept district, thereby ameliorating conditions which seriously had threatened a food shortage.

No railway schedules were formed, but practically every road operating from here managed to send out at least one train. Reports from outlying territory indicated that a majority of the scores of trains stalled in the snow-drifts yesterday gradually were proceeding. The Chicago switchyard was opened and scores of freight stock trains, blocked on the outskirts of the city, were brought in today.

Railroads officials announced that the usual number of trains could not be operated before tomorrow night. The ones sent out tonight were made up of the trains that were held up when it was thought there was a chance for them to get through. No effort was made to arrange a schedule.

The Twentieth Century limit from New York, due yesterday, arrived late tonight carrying a party of New York bankers, including Otto H. Kahn, who was to have addressed a bankers' meeting in Milwaukee tonight.

In Chicago the situation, although improving, is still foreboding. It is still impossible to make deliveries of provisions in many sections. The city had been practically without milk since last night and dairies reported today that only preferred deliveries to hospitals and to houses where there are children—will be made tomorrow.

Heading many of the volunteer digging brigades today were women—some clad in bloomers or overalls. In some sections the women were out at 4 a. m. They were assisted by thousands of children. Schools will be closed this week until the streets are cleared, releasing some 60,000 children for work in shoveling snow.

Though many apartment houses are without coal, it is thought that tomorrow night will see a danger of a serious coal famine averted. Many cars of coal were brought in from the outskirts of the city today and there is a shortage in the supply. The difficulty in making deliveries is the only danger.

City officials tonight issued another warning of the danger of fire because of the inability of the fire wagons to make their way through many streets. Volunteer bucket brigades have been formed to supply fire houses with a house to house canvass warning every one to keep buckets handy and seeing to the enforcement of the city ordinances regarding clearing of streets.

Eighteen deaths in this territory are known to have resulted from the storm. The temperature has been rising slowly throughout the night and today afternoon; the wind has died down and indications are that there will be nothing of consequence to handicaps the workers immediately, according to the weather bureau.

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## FATAL FIGHT BETWEEN ITALIANS AT BRIDGEPORT

One Was Stabbed to Death—Two Others Shot, One Probably Fatally.

Bridgeport, Conn., Jan. 13.—Vincenzo Paoli was stabbed to death, Joseph Zwang, of 96 Fulton street, was shot through the abdomen and is not expected to live. Vincenzo Nodavini, of 141 Grand street and Joseph Lurie, of 234 Lexington avenue, were shot in the right leg during a fight between the two men at a coffee house at 41 Lexington avenue.

The fight is said to have started when Paoli and the partners of the concern owning the coffee house met to discuss whether to break down Paoli and his family from their dwelling place in the rear of the store as a new member of the concern wanted to have done in order that they might receive rent for the quarters. Matters were brought to a head when Paoli demanded cash for his quarters and the request was refused. He left the house saying "By God I'll get some anyway," and when he returned he had a gang of gunmen who shot him down.

When Paoli attempted to stop the fight he was stabbed by some unknown member of the gang.

Many persons were exchanged during the brief battle and when the police arrived they found the knife with which Paoli was stabbed lying in the alleyway covered with blood. Two 32 calibre revolvers were found in a very hot condition.

In order to gain admittance to the concern, a conference held here today of officers were forced to break down the door when they found that the gang of gunmen had fled and left the dead and dying behind them.

## RAILROAD EXECUTIVES IN SESSION AT NEW YORK

Decided to Ask Congress to Limit Federal Control to Period of War.

New York, Jan. 13.—Railroad executives representing 177 roads and 90 per cent, of the mileage in the United States, at a conference held here today to consider plans for safeguarding the interests they represent while under federal management, decided to curtail the hours of business three hours to conserve fuel. Today and until further notice, saloons will be open there from 5:30 in the morning until 10 at night.

Announcement of the resignation of the Rev. William Williams, pastor of the Congregational church at Suffield, Conn., was made to his parishioners yesterday. He leaves to assume charge of the Congregational church at Princeton, Mass., on April 1 next.

Millers who desire to convert or set up mills for grinding corn, barley and rye in an effort to promote the conservation of wheat are offered the assistance of the newly established milling division of the food administration. J. H. Hammill of Minneapolis is head of the division.

Word was received at Yale university of the death in a hospital at Hoboken, N. J., of Benjamin S. Adams, a Yale student, who enlisted in the Twelfth United States Field artillery last June.

## ELDERLY WOMAN FOUND FROZEN IN NEW HAVEN.

Body of Miss Ella E. Smith Discovered in Her Home.

New Haven, Conn., Jan. 13.—The body of Miss Ella E. Smith, 60 years old, was found today frozen in a room of a house occupied by her alone. She had not been seen by neighbors since Thursday and it is thought that she died of the cold, as there was no trace of any recent fire in the house and water pipes it had become frozen, burst and flooded the apartments.

Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 13.—Fire broke out in the industrial building, which housed thirty manufacturing concerns, tonight and destroyed the building and adjoining property, causing a loss estimated at \$1,000,000. Fire Chief Loucks said he believed that the fire was of incendiary origin